

George Fischer Pension Scheme

Statement of Investment Principles

August 2026

Preface

Scheme background

This Statement of Investment Principles (the 'SIP') details the principles governing investment decisions for the George Fischer Pension Scheme (the 'Scheme').

The Scheme operates for the exclusive purpose of providing retirement and death benefits to eligible participants and beneficiaries, and provides benefits calculated on a defined benefit (DB) basis. The Scheme is closed to new entrants.

Regulatory requirements and considerations

Under the Pensions Act 1995 (the 'Act') and subsequent legislation, principally the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2005 (the 'Investment Regulations'), the Trustees must secure that a written statement of the principles governing investment decisions is prepared and maintained for the Scheme.

This SIP also reflects the requirements and recommendations within The Pensions Regulator's general code of practice, in respect of the DB assets and any additional voluntary contribution (AVC) arrangements.

The Trustees are responsible for all aspects of the operation of the Scheme including this SIP.

In agreeing their investment strategy, the Trustees have had regard to:

- The requirements of the Act concerning suitability and diversification of investments and the Trustees will consider those requirements on any review of this SIP or any change in the investment policy.
- The requirement of the Investment Regulations: in particular that assets held to cover the Scheme's technical provisions must also be invested in a manner appropriate to the nature and duration of the expected future retirement benefits payable under the Scheme.

Responsibilities and appointments

Only persons or organisations with the necessary skills, information and resources are actively involved in taking investment decisions affecting the Scheme. The Trustees draw on the expertise of external persons and organisations including the investment consultant, investment managers and the Scheme Actuary. Full details are set out in this SIP.

Consultation

In accordance with the Act, the Trustees have obtained and considered written advice from Gallagher (Administration & Investment) Limited (the investment consultant) prior to the preparation (or revision) of this SIP and have consulted George Fischer Sales Ltd ('the Sponsoring Employer'). However, it should be noted that neither the Trustees nor any investment manager (to whom they have

delegated any discretion to make decisions about investments) shall require the consent of the Sponsoring Employer to exercise any investment power.

History and review

The Trustees will review this SIP at least every three years and without delay after each significant change in investment policy, taking note of any changes in the Scheme's liabilities. Once agreed, and after consultation with the Sponsoring Employer, a copy of this SIP will be given to the Scheme Actuary and will be made available to Scheme members on request. This SIP is also made publicly available free of charge on a website.

The previous version of this SIP was dated June 2024.

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Statement of Investment Principles

Investment governance structure

All investment decisions are taken by the Trustee Board as a whole. The Trustees believe that collective responsibility is the appropriate structure, given the size of the board, except for specific projects when an investment sub-committee may be set up. The Trustees will undertake training where appropriate to ensure they have the necessary expertise to take the decisions required and to evaluate critically the advice received.

All investment decisions relating to the Scheme are under the control of the Trustee Board without constraint by the Sponsoring Employer. The Trustees will consult with the Sponsoring Employer when changing this SIP.

All day-to-day investment decisions are delegated to properly qualified and authorised investment managers of pension scheme portfolios. Investment management agreements and/or an insurance contract have been exchanged with the investment managers and/or the investment platform provider. These agreements are reviewed from time-to-time to ensure that the manner in which they make investments on behalf of the Trustee Board is suitable for the Scheme, and appropriately diversified

Investment strategy and objectives

The Scheme's investment strategy has been agreed by the Trustees having taken advice from the investment consultant in relation to the suitability of investments and the need to diversify and takes due account of the Scheme's liability profile along with the level of disclosed surplus or deficit.

The agreed investment strategy is based on an analysis of the Scheme's liability profile, the required investment return and the returns expected from the various asset classes over the long-term. Long-term returns from equities within the diversified pooled vehicles are expected to exceed the returns from bonds and cash, although returns and capital values may demonstrate higher volatility. The Trustees are prepared to accept this higher volatility within the diversified pooled vehicles in order to aim to achieve the overall investment objectives.

The Trustees' primary objectives are:

- To provide appropriate security for all beneficiaries.
- To achieve long-term growth sufficient to provide the benefits from the Scheme.

- To ensure that sufficient liquid assets are available to pay benefit payments as they fall due.
- To achieve an appropriate balance between risk and return with regards to the cost of the Scheme and the security of the benefits.

The Trustees have translated their objectives into a suitable strategic asset allocation benchmark for the Scheme, details of which are included in the “Strategic Benchmark and Objectives” document.

In accordance with the Financial Services & Markets Act 2000, the Trustees are responsible for setting the general investment policy, but the responsibility for all day-to-day investment management decisions has been delegated to investment managers authorised under the Act. Details are included in the separate Strategic Benchmark and Objectives document.

The Trustees are responsible for reviewing both the Scheme’s asset allocation and investment strategy as part of each actuarial valuation in consultation with the Scheme’s investment consultant. The Trustees may also reconsider the asset allocation and the investment strategy outside the triennial valuation period where necessary.

The Trustees consider the Scheme’s current strategic asset allocation to be consistent with the current financial position of the Scheme. This judgement is made with reference to the Technical Provisions set out in the Scheme’s ‘Statement of Funding Principles’. “Technical provisions” is the value of the Scheme’s liabilities for funding purposes as at the latest available Scheme-specific actuarial valuation date, being 1 January 2024.

The Trustees’ policy in relation to the kinds of investments to be held

The Trustees have full regard to their investment powers as set out in the Trust Deed and Rules dated 13 June 2014.

The Scheme may invest in quoted and unquoted securities of UK and overseas markets including:

- Equities.
- Fixed interest and index-linked bonds.
- Cash.
- Property.
- Private equity.
- Insurance Policies
- Hedge funds and pooled investment vehicles considered appropriate for tax-exempt registered occupational pension schemes.

The Trustees have considered the attributes of the various asset classes (including derivative instruments), these attributes being:

- Security (or quality) of the investment.
- Yield (expected long-term return).
- Spread (or volatility) of returns.
- Term (or duration) of the investment.
- Exchange rate risk.
- Marketability/liquidity (i.e. the tradability on regulated markets).
- Taxation.

The Trustees consider all of the stated classes of investment to be suitable to the circumstances of the Scheme. The Scheme invests (mostly) in pooled funds, other collective investment vehicles and cash. The Trustees have made the decision to invest the majority of assets in pooled funds because:

- The Scheme is not large enough to justify direct investment on a cost-effective basis.
- Pooled funds allow the Trustees to invest in a wider range of assets, which serves to reduce risk.
- Pooled funds provide a more liquid form of investment than certain types of direct investment.

The Trustees' policy in relation to the balance between different kinds of investments

The appointed investment managers will hold a diversified mix of investments in line with their agreed benchmark and within their discretion to diverge from the benchmark. Within each major market each manager will maintain a diversified portfolio of securities. Further details are set out in the Strategic Benchmark and Objectives document.

The Trustees' policy in relation to the expected return on investments

The investment strategy is believed to be capable of exceeding, in the long run, the overall required rate of return assumed in the Scheme Actuary's published actuarial valuation report in order to reach / maintain a fully funded status under the agreed assumptions.

The Trustees' policy in relation to the realisation of investments

In the event of an unexpected need to realise all or part of the assets of the portfolio, the Trustees require the investment managers to be able to realise the Scheme's investments in a reasonable timescale by reference to the market conditions existing at the time the disposal is required and subject to the best interests of the Scheme. The majority of the assets are not expected to take an undue time to liquidate.

The Trustees' policy in relation to financially material considerations and appropriate time horizon

The Trustees believe that the potential impact of any financially material considerations that may affect the Scheme's investments should be assessed over the period during which benefits are expected to be paid from the Scheme and/or the period over which particular investments are expected to be held. They consider this as part of investment strategy setting, investment manager selection and ongoing monitoring of the investment manager(s), taking advice on these matters from the investment consultant.

In setting the Scheme's investment strategy, the Trustees' primary concern is to act in the best financial interests of the Scheme and its beneficiaries, seeking to meet the Trustees' expected return on investments consistent with a prudent and appropriate level of risk. In evaluating this level of risk, the Trustees takes into account the risk that environmental, social and governance ('ESG') factors, including climate change, may negatively impact the value of investments held or the distributions received from these investments.

The Trustees expect their investment managers, where appropriate, to have taken account of financially material considerations, including ESG factors as part of their investment analysis and decision-making process. The Trustees will consider the manager's approach to these matters prior to the manager's appointment and will, from time to time, review the managers' policies in respect of this topic, and the approach the managers take in practice.

As the Scheme invests primarily through pooled funds, the Trustees recognise that, to some extent, the approach being taken in this area is delegated to the investment manager(s); however, by considering the managers' approach prior to appointment, and on an ongoing basis thereafter, the Trustees believe they are able to ensure that it is broadly aligned to their own preferences, and believes that they will have the opportunity to raise any concerns over divergencies with a view to seeking alternative pooled funds to use should these concerns be sufficiently strong.

The Trustees' policy in relation to the extent to which non-financial matters are taken into account

The Trustees' objective is that the financial interests of the Scheme members is their first priority when choosing investments. The Trustees will take members' preferences into account if they consider it appropriate to do so.

Non-financial matters may be taken into account if the Trustees have good reason to think that the members would share the concern; and that the decision does not involve a risk of significant detriment to members' financial interests.

Risk capacity and risk appetite

The Trustees, after seeking appropriate investment advice, have selected a strategic asset allocation benchmark for the Scheme including control ranges for each asset class (details are in the Strategic Benchmark and Objectives document).

Subject to their respective benchmarks and guidelines the investment managers are given full discretion over the choice of stocks and are expected to maintain diversified portfolios.

The Trustees are satisfied that the investments selected are consistent with their investment objectives, particularly in relation to diversification, risk, expected return and liquidity.

Given the size and nature of the Scheme, the Trustees have decided to invest the majority of the Scheme's assets on a pooled fund basis. All such investments are implemented through direct agreements or through an insurance contract with either the investment managers or investment platform provider.

The Trustees' policy in relation to risks

The Trustees consider the main risk to be that of the assets being insufficient to meet the Scheme's liabilities as they fall due. The Trustees have assessed the likelihood of undesirable financial outcomes arising in the future.

Investment policies are set with the aim of having sufficient and appropriate assets to cover the Scheme's Technical Provisions, and with the need to avoid undue contribution rate volatility.

In determining their investment strategy, the Trustees received advice from the investment consultant regarding the expected return and corresponding downside risk levels whilst considering the Scheme's liability profile. Taking this into account, the strategy outlined in the Strategic Benchmark and Objectives document has been adopted.

Although the Trustees acknowledge that the main risk is that the Scheme will have insufficient assets to meet its liabilities, the Trustees recognise other contributory risks, including the following. Namely the risk:

- Associated with the differences in the sensitivity of asset and liability values to changes in financial and demographic factors.
- Of the Scheme having insufficient liquid assets to meet its immediate liabilities.
- Of the investment managers failing to achieve the required rate of return.
- Due to the lack of diversification of investments.
- Of failure of the Scheme's Sponsoring Employer to meet its obligations.

The Trustees manage and measure these risks on a regular basis via actuarial and investment reviews, and in the setting of investment objectives and strategy.

The Trustees undertake monitoring of the investment managers' performance against their targets and objectives on a regular basis.

Each fund in which the Trustees invest has a stated performance objective against which investment performance will be measured. Within each asset class, the investment managers are expected to maintain a portfolio of securities (or funds), which ensures that the risk being accepted in each market is broadly diversified.

The divergence of the actual distribution of the investments from any benchmark weighting within each pooled fund will be monitored by the Scheme's investment managers. Any deviation from the overall target asset allocation will be discussed periodically with the investment consultant.

Stewardship in relation to the Scheme's assets

The Trustees have a fiduciary duty to consider their approach to the stewardship of the investments, to maximise financial returns for the benefit of members and beneficiaries over the long term. The Trustees can promote an investment's long term success through monitoring, engagement and/or voting, either directly or through their investment managers.

The Trustees seek to appoint managers that have strong stewardship policies and processes and are supportive of their investment managers being signatories to the United Nations' Principles for Responsible Investment and the Financial Reporting Council's UK Stewardship Code 2020.

The Trustees' policy in relation to engagement and monitoring (including peer to peer engagement)

The Trustees' policy is to delegate responsibility for engaging and monitoring investee companies to the investment managers and they expect the investment managers to use their discretion to maximise financial returns for members and others over the long term.

The Trustees recognise that each investment manager's ability to influence the companies in which they invest will depend on the nature of the investment.

The Trustees acknowledge that the concept of stewardship may be less applicable to some of their assets, particularly for cash and liability-driven investments.

The Trustees review each investment manager prior to appointment and monitors them on an ongoing basis by reviewing ESG ratings for each manager provided by the Scheme's investment consultant and annually reviewing the managers' voting

and engagement activity when preparing the Scheme's annual implementation statement.

The Trustees will engage with an investment manager should they consider that manager's voting and engagement policy to be inadequate or if the voting and engagement undertaken is not aligned with the investment manager's own policies, or if the investment manager's policies diverge significantly from the views of the Trustees.

If the Trustees find any investment manager's policies or behaviour unacceptable, they may agree an alternative mandate with the manager or decide to review or replace the manager.

The Trustees have not set out their own stewardship priorities but follow that of the investment managers. As all of the investments are held in pooled vehicles, the Trustees do not envisage being directly involved with peer to peer engagement in investee companies.

The Trustees' policy in relation to voting rights

The Trustees' policy is to delegate responsibility for the exercising of rights (including voting rights) attaching to investments to the investment managers and to encourage the managers to exercise those rights. The investment managers in conjunction with the platform provider are expected to provide reports for the Trustees detailing the investment managers' voting activity, on request. The Trustees will take corporate governance policies into account when appointing and reviewing Investment Managers.

Investment management monitoring

The Trustees will assess the performance, processes and cost effectiveness of the investment managers by means of regular, but not less than annual, reviews of the results and other information, in consultation with the investment consultant.

All investment decisions, and the overall performance of the investment managers, are monitored by the Trustees with the assistance of the investment consultant.

The investment platform provider will provide the Trustees with monthly statements of the assets held along with a quarterly performance report. The investment managers may also report orally to the Trustees on request.

The Trustees expect the investment managers in conjunction with the platform provider to inform them of any changes in the internal performance objective and guidelines of any pooled funds used by the Scheme as and when they occur.

The Trustees will assess the quality of the performance and processes of the investment managers by means of a review at least once every three years in consultation with the investment consultant.

Appropriate written advice will be taken from the investment consultant before the review, appointment or removal of the investment managers.

The Trustees' policy in relation to their investment managers

In detailing below the policies on the investment manager arrangements, the overriding approach of the Trustees is to select investment managers that meet the primary objectives of the Trustees. As part of the selection process and the ongoing review of the investment managers, the Trustees consider how well each investment manager meets the Trustees' policies and provides value for money over a suitable timeframe.

- **How the arrangement incentivises the investment managers to align their investment strategies and decisions with the Trustees' policies**

The Trustees have delegated the day-to-day management of the Scheme's assets to investment managers, accessed through an investment platform arrangement. The majority of the Scheme's assets are invested in pooled funds which have their own policies and objectives and charge a fee, agreed with the investment manager, via the platform provider, for their services. A fee is also payable to the investment platform provider. The Trustees believe that as both the investment managers and the platform provider receive fees this incentivises them to adhere to their stated policies and objectives, as this income would be withdrawn should the Trustees decide they have not acted in line with these policies and objectives.

Further by using an investment platform provider the Scheme expects to benefit from lower investment manager fees through aggregation benefit/increased buying power the platform provider may be able to bring to bear with the underlying managers.

- **How the arrangement incentivises the investment managers to engage and take into account financial and non-financial matters over the medium to long-term**

The Trustees, in conjunction with their investment consultant, appoint their investment managers and choose the specific pooled funds to use in order to meet specific Scheme policies. They expect that their investment managers make decisions based on assessments about the financial and non-financial performance of underlying investments, and that they engage with issuers of debt or equity to improve their performance (and thereby the Scheme's performance) over an appropriate time horizon.

The Trustees also expect their investment managers to take non-financial matters into account as long as the decision does not involve a risk of significant detriment to members' financial interests.

- **How the method (and time horizon) of the evaluation of the investment manager's performance and the remuneration for asset management services are in line with the Trustees' investment policies**

The Trustees expect their investment managers to invest the assets within their portfolio in a manner that is consistent with the guidelines and constraints set out in their documentation. The Trustees review the investment managers and the investment platform provider periodically. Investment manager reviews incorporate benchmarking of performance and fees. Reviews of performance focus on longer-term performance (to the extent that is relevant), e.g. looking at five years of performance.

If the Trustees determine that an investment manager (or the investment platform provider) is no longer managing the assets in line with the Trustees' policies they will make their concerns known to the investment manager (or platform provider) and may ultimately disinvest.

The Trustees pay their investment managers a management fee, via their investment platform arrangement which is a fixed percentage of assets under management. A separate fee is also payable to the platform provider which is also a fixed percentage of assets.

Prior to agreeing a fee structure, the Trustees, in conjunction with their investment consultant, consider the appropriateness of this structure, both in terms of the fee level compared to that of other similar products and in terms of the degree to which it will incentivise the investment manager and the investment platform provider.

- **How the Trustees monitor portfolio turnover costs incurred by the investment manager, and how they define and monitor targeted portfolio turnover or turnover range**

The Trustees, in conjunction with their investment consultant, have processes in place to review investment turnover costs incurred by the Scheme on an annual basis. The Trustees receive a report which includes the turnover costs incurred by the investment managers used by the Scheme.

The Trustees expect turnover costs of the investment managers to be in line with their peers, taking into account the style adopted by the investment manager, the asset class invested in and prevailing market conditions.

The Trustees do not explicitly monitor turnover, set target turnover or turnover ranges. The Trustees believe that the investment managers should follow their

stated approach with a focus on risk and net return, rather than on turnover. In addition, the individual mandates are unique and bespoke in nature and there is the potential for markets to change significantly over a short period of time.

- **The duration of arrangements with investment managers**

The Trustees do not in general enter into fixed long-term agreements with their investment managers or investment platform provider and instead retain the ability to change investment manager (or investment platform provider) should the performance and processes of the investment manager deviate from the Trustees' policies. However, the Trustees expect their manager appointments to have a relatively long duration, subject to the manager adhering to its stated policies, and the continued positive assessment of its ability to meet its performance objective.

Employer-related investments

The Trustees will not make direct investments in the Sponsoring Employer's own securities. The amount of the Sponsoring Employer's securities, owned by pooled investment vehicles invested in, is monitored. The Trustees have delegated the responsibility for the exercising of any voting rights attached to any Sponsoring Employer investment held to the investment managers.

Additional voluntary contributions (AVCs)

- The Scheme previously provided a facility for members to pay additional voluntary contributions (AVCs) to enhance their benefits at retirement. While this facility is no longer available for further contributions, a number of members continue to hold legacy AVC arrangements. The Trustees' objective is to ensure that these arrangements continue to provide suitable long-term investment returns, consistent with their reasonable expectations.
- The Trustees consider that, in making a restricted number of funds available from the chosen providers, they have provided those members with a range of options to meet their reasonable expectations.
- The investment funds are provided by Utmost Life and Pensions and Clerical Medical Investment Group Limited.
- The appointment of the AVC providers and the choice of AVC funds offered to members will be reviewed by the Trustees in accordance with their responsibilities, based on the result of their monitoring of performance and process.
- The Trustees will measure performance of the AVC providers in the light of their performance relative to the individual benchmarks and objectives for the funds offered and/or to other providers offering similar fund options as measured in industry AVC surveys.

Appointments and responsibilities

This section sets out the key appointments and responsibilities with respect to the investment aspects of the Scheme.

A full list of the Scheme's advisers is provided at the front of the Scheme's Annual Report and Financial Statements. However, at the time of writing this SIP:

- The investment consultants are Gallagher (Administration & Investment) Limited.
- The platform provider is Mobius Life.
- The investment managers are detailed in the Strategic Benchmark and Objectives document.
- For pooled funds, custodial duties are undertaken by the relevant investment manager and, therefore, are not detailed in this SIP.
- The Scheme Actuary is Mike Whittaker, Gallagher.

Trustees

The Trustees' primary responsibilities include:

- The preparation of this SIP, reviewing its contents and modifying it if deemed appropriate, in consultation with the Sponsoring Employer and the investment consultant, at least every three years. The SIP will also be reviewed following a significant change to investment strategy and/or the investment managers.
- Appointing investment consultants and investment managers as necessary for the good stewardship of the Scheme's assets.
- Setting objectives for the appointed investment consultant (and reviewing these at least every three years, and following any significant change to investment strategy), and reviewing the investment consultant's performance against these objectives at least annually.
- Reviewing the investment strategy as part of each triennial actuarial valuation, and/or asset liability modelling exercise, and/or significant changes to the Scheme's liabilities, taking advice from the investment consultant and the Scheme Actuary, reviewing the stewardship / voting policies of the investment managers, and undertaking the ongoing monitoring and engagement with their investment managers as appropriate.
- Assessing the processes and the performance of the investment managers by means of regular, but not less than annual, reviews of information obtained (including investment performance).
- Monitoring compliance of the investment arrangements with this SIP and with the relevant sections of the Act, the Investment Regulations and any regulatory guidance on a regular basis.

- Monitoring risk and the way in which the investment managers have cast votes on behalf of the Trustees in respect of the Scheme's equity holdings.

Investment consultant

The main responsibilities of the investment consultant include:

- Obtaining a copy of the Trustees' investment consultant objectives prior to undertaking work to ensure they understand the Trustees' requirements.
- Assisting the Trustees in the preparation and periodic review of this SIP in consultation with the Sponsoring Employer.
- Undertaking project work including the development and review of investment strategy, investment performance and manager structure as required by the Trustees.
- Advising the Trustees on the selection and review of the investment managers.
- Providing training or education on any investment related matter as and when the Trustees see fit.
- Monitoring and advising upon where contributions should be invested or disinvested on a periodic basis.

Investment managers

The investment managers' main responsibilities include:

- Investing the assets within their portfolio in a manner that is consistent with the objectives of their investment vehicle.
- Ensuring that the investment of the assets within their portfolio is compliant with prevailing legislation.
- Considering financially material risks affecting investments within their portfolio.
- Exercising voting rights on shareholdings within their portfolio in accordance with their general policy.

Platform provider

The platform provider's main responsibilities include:

- Providing access to a range of funds provided by various managers.
- Ensuring that investment of the Scheme's assets is compliant with prevailing legislation and the constraints detailed in this Statement.
- Providing the Trustees with quarterly reports including any changes to their investment process, or that of the underlying investment managers.
- Attending meetings with the Trustees as and when required.
- Informing the Trustees of any changes in the fee structure, internal performance objectives and guidelines of any pooled fund used by the Scheme as and when they occur.

Custodians

The custodians' main responsibilities include:

- The safe-keeping of the Scheme's assets in respect of which they are responsible.
- Processing the settlement of transactions.

Scheme Actuary

The Scheme Actuary's main responsibilities in respect of investment policy include:

- Commenting on the suitability of the Scheme's investment strategy given the financial characteristics of the Scheme.
- Performing the triennial (or more frequently as required) actuarial valuation and advising on the Scheme's funding level and therefore the appropriate level of contributions in order to aid the Trustees in balancing short-term and long-term investment objectives.