

Environmental Product Declaration

PVC-U-System

According to EN 15804

Dosing application in a water treatment plant

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1. Declaration of general information

1.1 Introduction

GF Piping Systems is one of the three divisions within Georg Fischer Corporation and a leading provider of plastic and metal piping systems with global market presence. The product portfolio includes pipes, fittings, valves and the corresponding automation and jointing technology for industry, building technology as well as water and gas utilities. Georg Fischer Piping Systems proactively incorporates its environmental responsibility into its everyday business activities. Because we understand environmental awareness as one of the corporation's core values, internal structures and processes are geared towards sustainability. In this context, life cycle assessments are the correct tool to gain insight in the different life cycle phases of our systems.

This EPD is based on a detailed background report written by the Flemish Institute for technological research (Vito). The report is in line with EN 15804 "Sustainability of construction works – environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products". The data of the study complies with the quality requirements set out in EN 15804 (EN 15804+A1:2013, Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Core rules for the product category of construction products). Data regarding the production of the pipe system components is company specific and was provided by GF Piping Systems.

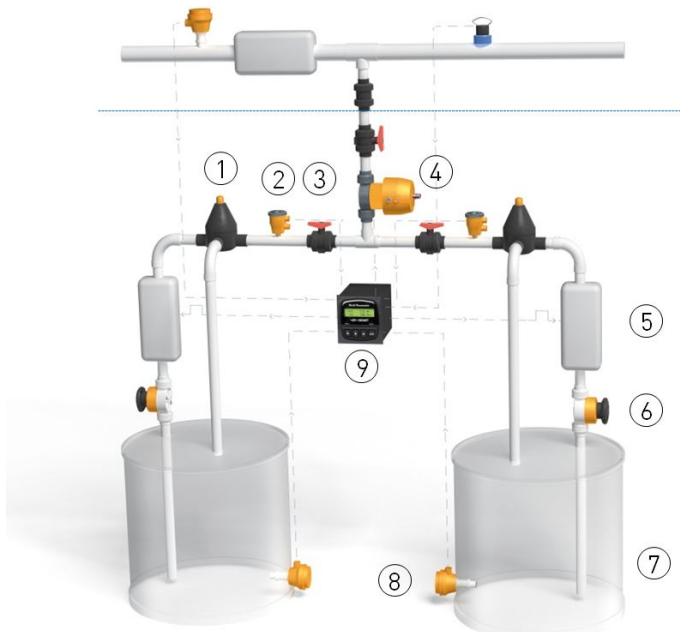
Declaration

Declaration owner & Program operator's name	Georg Fischer Piping Systems Ltd.
Validity	01.06.2014 – 31.05.2019
Declaration Number	GFPS-EPD_1406-3_4
EPD-Type	Cradle to grave
Data calculated by	Vito NV (Flemish Institute for technological research) www.vito.be
Life Cycle Inventory (LCI) source for generic background processes	Ecoinvent v 2.2 (2010, updated August 2012)
Software	SimaPro 7.3.3



1.2 System

The analyzed case represents an exemplary system for a chemical dosing application in a water treatment plant. The system is designed in the dimension d40 and installed in Valencia (Spain). Solvent cement is used for the jointing.



- ① Pressure relief valve type V185
 - ② 2551 Magmeter flow sensor
 - ③ Ball valve type 546
 - ④ Diaphragm valve DIASTAR Ten Plus
 - ⑤ Metering pump
 - ⑥ Diaphragm valve type 514
 - ⑦ Tanks
 - ⑧ Level/pressure integral system
 - ⑨ 8900 Multi-parameter controller
- System boundary

Materials

The material of the main pipe system components (pipes and fittings) is PVC-U. The whole system consists of the materials as listed below.

Material	Weight (kg)
PVC-U	8.9
Plastics (other than PVC-U)	6.9
Steel	9.9
Rubber	0.2
Other materials	1.0
Cable (metals + plastics)	0.7 + 2.3
Pumps	
Cast iron	2.0
Steel	1.6
Plastics	1.2
Other metals	0.2

Reference service life time

25 years

Please refer to chapters 2.3 for further information on the reference service life time of the system.

Functional unit (FU)

The dosing application of sodium hypochloride (12.5%) at the water finishing stage of a water treatment plant by a pipe system (d40) over the whole lifetime of the system of 25 years. The system starts at the tank of chemicals and ends at the point where the chemical is injected into the main water line.

Components of the system (number of pieces or meter)

The system mainly consists of Georg Fischer Piping Systems components. However, to complete the system also external components (Ext.) are necessary which are not produced by Georg Fischer Piping Systems. The calculation of the environmental impact of these products is based on publicly available data and assumptions.

	Product Code	Pieces or meter	Material
System components			
PVC-U pipe, d40	161017109	10 m	PVC-U
Tee 90° equal, d40	721200109	2	PVC-U
Elbow 90°, d40	721100109	4	PVC-U
Ball valve type 546, d40	161546605	3	PVC-U (body) and others
Diaphragm valve DIASTAR Ten Plus, d40	161684015	1	PVC-U (body) and others
Diaphragm valve type 514, d40	800047169	2	PVC-U (body) and others
Pressure relief valve type V185, d40	199041364	2	PVC-U (body) and others
2551 Magmeter flow sensor	159001110	2	PP (sensor body) and others
Level/pressure integral system	159001041	2	PVDF (sensor housing) and others
8900 Multi-parameter controller	159000868	1	PBT (housing) and others
Metering pump incl. motor	Ext.	2	Various metals and others
Tanks	Ext.	2	PE
Cable	Ext.	60 m	Copper and others
Components for installation			
Bolts	Ext.	40	Stainless steel
Nuts	Ext.	64	Stainless steel
Washers	Ext.	64	Stainless steel
Brackets	Ext.	10	PP

1.3 Comparability

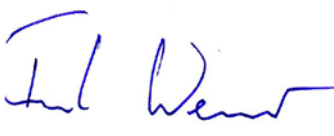
EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with the EN 15804.

1.4 Demonstration of verification

CEN standard EN 15804 serves as core PCR.

Independent verification of the declaration, according to EN ISO 14025:2010

internal
 external

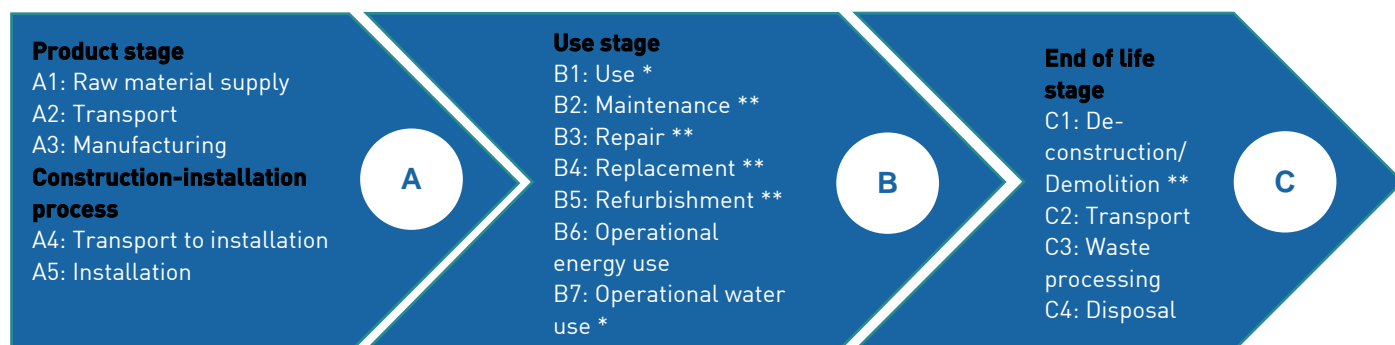


Dr. Frank Werner

Company: Dr. Frank Werner Umwelt & Entwicklung, Zürich (Switzerland)








2. Declaration of environmental parameters derived from LCA

2.1 Flow diagram of the processes included in the LCA



* Stage not relevant, ** Environmental impact below cut-off criteria. Please refer to chapter 2.3 for details.

2.2 Parameters describing environmental impacts

Impact category		Global warming	Ozone depletion	Acidification of soil and water	Eutrophication	Photo-chemical ozone creation	Abiotic depletion - non fossil	Abiotic depletion - fossil
								
		kg CO ₂ eq	kg CFC-11 eq	kg SO ₂ eq	kg PO ₄ ³⁻ eq	kg C ₂ H ₄ eq	kg Sb eq	MJ
A1-3	Product stage	1.99E+02	2.16E-05	1.16E+00	4.36E-01	6.74E-02	6.15E-02	2.84E+03
A4	Transport to installation	3.88E+01	5.15E-06	1.64E-01	2.97E-02	6.29E-03	4.72E-05	5.42E+02
A5	Installation	4.86E+00	3.34E-07	1.42E-02	2.30E-03	1.19E-01	1.71E-05	9.34E+01
B1-5	Use, Maintenance, Repair, Replacement, Refurbishment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B6	Operational energy use	1.11E+04	5.22E-04	4.50E+01	6.49E+00	2.02E+00	2.90E-02	1.28E+05
B7	Operational water use	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C1	De-construction/ Demolition	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C2	Transport to end-of-life treatment	3.01E+00	4.73E-07	1.66E-02	3.41E-03	4.97E-04	1.95E-05	4.39E+01
C3	Waste processing	4.86E+01	5.30E-07	3.61E-02	6.10E-03	1.68E-03	5.74E-05	8.48E+01
C4	Disposal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

2.3 Scenarios and additional technical information

The analyzed case represents an exemplary system for a chemical dosing application in a water treatment plant.

Product stage	
A1	The production of the plastic raw material was modeled via generic European data (source: ecoinvent) and complemented by specific data from GF Piping Systems to consider the company specific formulation of the raw material.
A2	Wherever possible, the specific transport distances were taken into account. Data from ecoinvent with the respective parameters was used to model the transportation.
A3	The use of energy is the most important input for this process step. Pipes are extruded while fittings and valve parts are injection moulded. Each of GF Piping Systems' worldwide production sites is certified according to ISO 14001 (Environmental management systems) and to OHSAS 18001 (Occupational health and safety management systems) or is currently in the certification process. For the production of GF Piping Systems components, electricity mixes for the respective country/continent were used. The production of external products was modeled using generic ecoinvent data records for the process.
Construction process	
A4	The system is installed in Valencia (Spain). Pipes are transported over a distance of 1 700 km by means of a truck. Fittings, valves and measuring instruments are first transported to storage: measuring instruments via air freight (ecoinvent data record: Transport, aircraft, freight, intercontinental, RER U) over 5 000 km; fittings via truck over 450 km and valves also via truck over 150 km. Afterwards these components as well as bolts, nuts, washers and brackets are transported to the installation site by truck over 1 400 km. The pump is transported to the installation site by truck over 1 500 km. For all transportations via truck the ecoinvent data record "Transport, lorry > 16 t, fleet average/RER U) was used. Loading capacity is 60%.
A5	For the installation of the whole system special solvent cement (0.4 kg/FU) and specific cleaner (0.2 kg/FU) for the jointing are necessary. These input materials are transported over 2 000 km by truck to the installation site. Outputs of the complete installation of the system are PVC pipe cut-off (0.06 kg/FU) and packaging waste (3.6 kg/FU) whereof 95% is cardboard. Wood and cardboard are recycled; PE film, nylon belts and PP straps are incinerated. Transport distance to recycling is assumed to be 600 km, transport to incineration is 150 km. Transport is carried out by truck.
Use stage	
B1	There are no further environmental impacts arising from the use of the system. This stage is considered as not relevant.
B2-B5	The system is designed to be operated without repair, maintenance, replacement or refurbishment during the reference service life time. This is subject to the condition that the system is operated according to the specifications given by GF Piping Systems. The lifetime of a valve is mainly influenced by the actuation cycles. The number of actuation cycles the valves are tested for is not reached during the lifetime of the evaluated system. It is possible that in individual cases components of the valve (e.g. seals) must be replaced. In this case the environmental impact is negligible compared to the impact of the whole system and below the cut-off criteria defined in EN 15804.
B6	The operational use of the system is an important stage mainly because of the long reference service life time of 25 years. 19 710 kWh of energy (ecoinvent dataset: Electricity, low voltage, production RER, at grid/RER U) per functional unit is necessary to run the two pumps.
B7	No operational water use is necessary for the system. This stage is considered as not relevant.
End of life stage	
C1	De-construction of the system is mainly manual work. A small energy input is needed to cut the pipes. The environmental impact is negligible compared to the impact of the whole system and below the cut-off criteria defined in EN 15804.
C2	Transportation to the end of life treatment facilities is carried out by truck. Distances are 600 km for recycling and 150 km for incineration.
C3	It is assumed that all metal parts are recycled and all other parts are incinerated with energy recovery. The exported energy is in the form of electricity and thermal energy. Approximately 11.5% of the net energy content of the incinerated waste is converted to electricity and 23.4% is converted to heat. Both are sold to external consumers. These values reflect the situation in Swiss municipal waste incinerators about 10 years ago, as reported in ecoinvent documentation.
C4	It is assumed that all metal parts are recycled and all other parts are incinerated with energy recovery. Therefore module C4 is not relevant.

Reference service life data

Parameter	Data																																	
Reference Service Life	25 years																																	
	<p>System components are compliant with relevant international standards, e.g</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EN (European Standards) • ISO (International Organization for Standardization) • BS (British Standard) • ASTM (American Society for Testing and Materials) • JIS (Japan Industrial Standard) 																																	
Declared product properties	<p>Most relevant standards are:</p> <p>ISO 15493 Plastics piping systems for industrial applications -- Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (ABS), unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U) and chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) -- Specifications for components and the system</p> <p>ISO 16138 Industrial valves - Diaphragm valves of thermoplastics materials</p> <p>ISO 16135 Industrial valves - Ball valves of thermoplastics materials</p>																																	
Design application parameters	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>PVC-U characteristics</th> <th>Value</th> <th>Test standard</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Operating temperature range</td> <td>0 °C to + 60 °C</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Density</td> <td>1.38 g/cm³</td> <td>EN ISO 1183 - 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Yield Stress at 23 °C</td> <td>≥ 52 N/mm²</td> <td>EN ISO 527 - 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tensile e-modulus at 23 °C</td> <td>≥ 2500 N/mm²</td> <td>EN ISO 527 - 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Charpy notched impact strength at 23 °C</td> <td>≥ 6 kJ/m²</td> <td>EN ISO 179 - 1/1eA</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Charpy notched impact strength at 0 °C</td> <td>≥ 3 kJ/m²</td> <td>EN ISO 179 - 1/1eA</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Vicat heat distortion temperature B/50 N</td> <td>≥ 76°C</td> <td>DIN 306</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Heat conductivity at 23 °C</td> <td>0.15 W/m K</td> <td>EN 12664</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Water absorption at 23 °C</td> <td>≤ 0.1%</td> <td>EN ISO 62</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Limited oxygen index (LOI)</td> <td>42%</td> <td>ISO 4589 - 1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	PVC-U characteristics	Value	Test standard	Operating temperature range	0 °C to + 60 °C		Density	1.38 g/cm ³	EN ISO 1183 - 1	Yield Stress at 23 °C	≥ 52 N/mm ²	EN ISO 527 - 1	Tensile e-modulus at 23 °C	≥ 2500 N/mm ²	EN ISO 527 - 1	Charpy notched impact strength at 23 °C	≥ 6 kJ/m ²	EN ISO 179 - 1/1eA	Charpy notched impact strength at 0 °C	≥ 3 kJ/m ²	EN ISO 179 - 1/1eA	Vicat heat distortion temperature B/50 N	≥ 76°C	DIN 306	Heat conductivity at 23 °C	0.15 W/m K	EN 12664	Water absorption at 23 °C	≤ 0.1%	EN ISO 62	Limited oxygen index (LOI)	42%	ISO 4589 - 1
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	<p>For more information, please refer to the planning fundamentals which are available at: gfps.com > support & services > Planning Assistance > Planning Fundamentals > Industrial Piping Systems</p>																																	
Assumed quality of work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Constant water supply without interrupting operations • Flexibility of plastics pipes minimizes the risk of water hammer • No corrosion and no incrustation reduces maintenance to a minimum • High chemical and temperature resistance 																																	
Indoor environment	<p>The system is installed in Valencia, Spain. Standard indoor conditions apply.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SDR 13.6 • PN 16 																																	
Usage conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flow rate 0.6 m³/h 																																	
Maintenance	<p>The system is designed to be operated without repair, maintenance, replacement or refurbishment. This is subject to the condition that the system is installed and operated according to the specifications given by GF Piping Systems.</p>																																	

2.4 Parameters describing resource use

Parameters describing resource use, primary energy		Product stage	Construction process stage		Use stage			End of life			
		Total (of product stage)	Transport	Construction installation process	Use, Maintenance, Repair, Replacement, Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction / Demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal
		A1-3	A4	A5	B1-B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4
Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials		2.94E+02	3.28E+00	2.09E+00	0	1.98E+04	0	0	1.00E+00	9.35E+00	0
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials		1.47E+01	0	1.98E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	MJ, net calorific value	3.09E+02	3.28E+00	2.11E+00	0	1.98E+04	0	0	1.00E+00	9.35E+00	0
Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials		3.19E+03	5.59E+02	1.06E+02	0	2.14E+05	0	0	4.87E+01	1.35E+02	0
Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials		5.17E+02	0	1.26E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)		3.71E+03	5.59E+02	1.07E+02	0	2.14E+05	0	0	4.87E+01	1.35E+02	0

Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, and use of water		Product stage	Construction process stage		Use stage			End of life			
		Total (of product stage)	Transport	Construction installation process	Use, Maintenance, Repair, Replacement, Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction / Demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal
		A1-3	A4	A5	B1-B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4
Use of secondary material*	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of renewable secondary fuels*	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels*	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net use of fresh water	m ³	4.08E+00	7.25E-02	2.00E-02	0	8.78E+01	0	0	1.33E-02	1.11E-01	0

*Only for foreground process from which LCI data are made available by GF Piping Systems - the number does not include processes and materials modelled by means of background data, e.g. transportation, electricity, ancillary materials, etc.

2.5 Environmental information describing output flows

Other environmental information describing output flows		Product stage	Construction process stage		Use stage			End of life			
		Total (of product stage)	Transport	Construction installation process	Use, Maintenance, Repair, Replacement, Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction / Demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal
		A1-3	A4	A5	B1-B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4
Components for re-use*	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for recycling*	kg	9.41E-01	0	3.51E+00	0	0	0	0	0	1.47E+01	0
Materials for energy recovery*	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported energy - electricity*	MJ per energy carrier	8.12E-01	0	3.19E-01	0	0	0	0	0	5.67E+01	0
Exported energy - thermal energy*	MJ per energy carrier	1.73E+00	0	6.46E-01	0	0	0	0	0	1.15E+02	0

*Only for foreground process from which LCI data are made available by GF Piping Systems - the number does not include processes and materials modelled by means of background data, e.g. transportation, electricity, ancillary materials, etc.

Other environmental information describing waste categories		Product stage	Construction process stage		Use stage			End of life			
		Total (of product stage)	Transport	Construction installation process	Use, Maintenance, Repair, Replacement, Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction / Demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal
		A1-3	A4	A5	B1-B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	2.19E-02	3.15E-04	6.19E-05	0	2.63E-01	0	0	4.84E-05	7.29E-04	0
Non-hazardous waste disposed		1.41E+02	1.03E+00	2.40E-01	0	3.20E+02	0	0	3.16E-01	2.36E+00	0
Radioactive waste disposed		9.57E-03	2.22E-04	7.91E-05	0	1.22E+00	0	0	6.45E-05	7.14E-04	0

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